## Succeeding in the World of Alcohol Legal Compliance

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## Historical Arcana

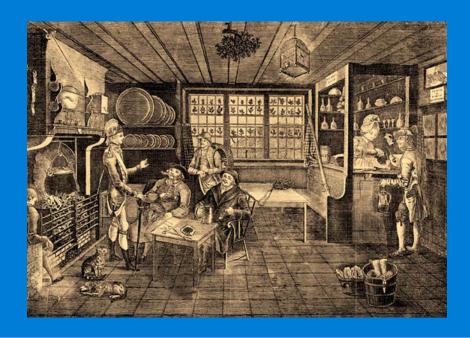
Was there really more beer than water on the Mayflower?





## People Drank More Back Then

- Per capita ethanol consumption: 1790: 5.8 gallons; 1830: 7.1 gallons; 2017: 2.9 gallons
- It was not uncommon for people to drink at breakfast, lunch, and dinner
- Drinking was part of daily life





## **Pre-Prohibition**

#### Mid-to-late1800's

- Set the political stage
- Saloons proliferated
- Tied Houses a problem
- Prohibition groups formed







### **Prohibition**

- The "Noble Experiment"
- 18<sup>th</sup> Amendment 1919
- 1920-1933 Alcohol was prohibited
- Rationale for adopting Prohibition:
  - Reduce crime
  - Decrease poverty
  - Decrease death rate associated with alcoholic beverage use.
  - Increase quality of life
- Positive effects: primarily health
- Negative: proliferation of crime







## Repeal of Prohibition

- Same groups who supported Prohibition spoke out most for Repeal.
- Rationale for initiating Repeal (same as rationale for initiating Prohibition):
  - Reduce crime.
  - Decrease poverty.
  - Decrease death rate associated with alcoholic beverage use.
  - Increase quality of life.
- 21st Amendment 1933
- Granted States Constitutional Authority to Regulate

**Birth of Tied House Laws** 



## Strong Public Support for Regulation

- 2019 poll by the Center for Alcohol Policy found among Americans:
  - 63% think the amount of regulation is about right
  - 15% think it is too restrictive
  - 9% think it is not restrictive enough

## Poll (cont.)

The public believes the most important considerations for lawmakers in crafting alcohol regulations are:

- 77% Reducing drunk driving
- •70% Protecting health and public safety
- 62% Reducing underage drinking
- -52% Encouraging moderation
- 48% Creating more jobs
- 42% Increasing economic development
- 28% Giving consumers more choices
- 22% Lowering prices
- -19% Allowing more businesses to produce and sell alcoholic products

## Generally, There is Strong Industry Support for Regulation:

## And Why Would That Be?

- It protects you from danger:
  - Undue regulation and wild new laws
  - Taxation
  - Unfair competition

### **Business Plan**

- Do you have one?
- What should it cover?
- For new wineries: timing is everything
- Advisors and Associations
- Regulatory compliance
- How do I want to sell?
- How can I sell?
- How may I sell?

## Licensing

The TTB

The State

**Local Permitting** 



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## Your State's ABC Is Not The TTB

(and vice versa)

## **TTB Focus**

- Bonding premises
- Tax Collection
- Wine Labeling (COLAs)
- Standards of Fill
- Formulas

### State ABC Focus

- Public health and safety
- Underage drinking
- Impacts of bars, restaurants, and liquor stores on communities
- Land use and zoning
- Criminal enforcement



















## Types of Regulators

Practical, proactive, and reasonable

Prisoners of laws and lawyers

Jerks

# Tied House Laws and the Three Tier System

## The Three-Tier System

#### Supplier

- Holds federal basic TTB permit and bond
- Holds state wine manufacturer license

#### Wholesaler

- Holds federal wholesale basic permit and state wholesale license
- · Has sales force that calls on and delivers to retailers
- 80/20 rule: generally, 20% of a wholesaler's brands generate 80% of its revenue

#### Retailer

Licensed by state, not the feds

### **Tied House**

- The general rules
- Federal law
  - Consignment sales
  - Things of value
- State law
  - Ownership limitations
  - Things of value
- There are many exceptions

# Wine and its Wine Manufacturers Are Special

## Your Exceptional Privileges (e.g, California)

- You can manufacture, distribute, and retail (all three tiers!)
- In retail, you can:
  - Sell your wine for consumption at the premises or off
  - Sell anyone's wine or brandy in your winery's restaurant
  - Operate a wine and beer, but not a general, liquor store
  - Operate restaurants away from the winery:
    - Unlimited number that do not sell your wine
    - Two restaurants where you may sell your own wine, but it cannot total more than 15% of wine sales
  - Have a second tasting location
  - Allow minors in all your establishments

## Marketing and Advertising

- Things of value
- Paying for the privilege of advertising
- Sponsorships
- Retailer advertising specialties
- Consumer advertising specialties
- Sampling, tastings, and courses of instruction
- Free goods
- Social media

## Advertising a Retailer New York

- Two unaffiliated retailers are listed
- Price of the wine is not included
- The listing is the only reference to the licensee
- The retailer is relatively inconspicuous
- No pictures or illustrations of the retail establishment
- No laudatory references

## Advertising a Retailer California

- Two unaffiliated retailers are listed
- Price of the wine is not included
- The listing is the only reference to the licensee
- The retailer is relatively inconspicuous
- Pictures or illustrations of the retail establishment (but no videos)
- No laudatory references
- The Winemaker's Dinner

## Other State Examples

- Kentucky allows social media advertising generally without guidance
- North Carolina requires written approval from the Commission prior to entering into any agreement to engage in activities as a sponsor for any promotion
- Minnesota requires pre-approval of all advertising via submission to the Board

### Some Advice

- When considering any new marketing strategy, changing business models, or engaging in any sort of relationship with a retailer: make sure it is legal
- Have a detailed plan for what you want to do and how you want to do it
- Consult an association, an attorney, a consultant, the TTB, the ABC

## Sales at the Winery

- Tasting Fees
- Sales to go
- Restaurants
- Beer and Spirits
- Consumer information gathering
- Other locations (e.g., farmer's markets)

## Direct to Consumer Shipping

- Legal in 47 states
- Prohibited: Delaware, Utah, and Mississippi
- Laws differ by state
- Some of the issues on which they differ:
  - Limits per consumer
  - Only available to small wineries
  - Whether a license or permit is required
  - Whether on-site ordering is required
  - Limited to wines not sold in three-tier
  - Some permit a winery to sell any winery's wine, others note
  - Sales tax

## Direct to Consumer Shipping

- Is it worth the trouble?
- Yes, because apparently people really like to buy wine on the internet:
  - Average value per order, repeat costumers, and consumer orders per year are the highest for all goods sold in e-commerce
  - Wine clubs lead the way (70%)
- Gather data at your tasting room

### Distribution

- May I sell directly to retailers, or do I need a wholesaler?
- If I need a wholesaler:
  - Distribution Agreements
  - Franchise Provisions
  - Franchise law states
  - Termination Provisions

## **Unfair Competition Trends**

- Uninformed retailers
- Giant retailers
- Non-licensees
- Increasing intentional, improper activity of large, sophisticated suppliers, wholesalers, and retailers



## Thank you and Questions?

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